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Please amend the claims as follows.

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of making a semiconductor device comprising:

forming a semiconductor channel structure, the semiconductor channel structure including a top horizontal surface, a first vertical sidewall, and a second vertical sidewall opposing the first sidewall;
forming a first gate structure and a second gate structure, wherein the first gate structure is located laterally adjacent to and substantially along the first sidewall and the second gate structure is located laterally adjacent to and substantially along the second sidewall; and
forming a third gate structure located over and substantially along all of the top horizontal surface, wherein the first gate structure, the second gate structure, and the third gate structures are physically separate from each other,
wherein forming the first gate structure and the second gate structure further comprises depositing a layer of gate material over both the third gate structure and a substrate, and removing a portion of the layer of gate material overlying the third gate structure to form the first gate structure and the second gate structure.

2. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising:
patterning the third gate structure after depositing the layer of gate material over both the third gate structure and the substrate.

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3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 wherein forming the first gate structure and the second gate structure further comprises patterning the first gate structure and the second gate structure after removing the portion of the layer of gate material overlying the third gate structure.

4. (Original) The method of claim 3 further comprising forming a substantially planar layer overlying the substrate below a height of a top surface of the layer of gate material and using the substantially planar layer as a masking layer to form the first gate structure and the second gate structure.

5. (Presently Presented) A method of making a semiconductor device comprising:

forming a semiconductor channel structure, wherein the semiconductor channel structure is formed from a layer of semiconductor material, the semiconductor channel structure including a top surface, a first sidewall, and a second sidewall opposing the first sidewall;

forming a first gate structure and a second gate structure, wherein the first gate structure is located laterally adjacent to and substantially along the first sidewall and the second gate structure is located laterally adjacent to and substantially along the second sidewall; and

forming a third gate structure located over and substantially along all of the top surface, wherein the first gate structure, the second gate structure, and the third gate structures are physically separate from each other, wherein forming the third gate structure includes forming a layer of gate material over the semiconductor material and patterning the layer of gate material and layer of semiconductor material with a single patterning step.

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6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 5 further comprises patterning a first dielectric material separating the semiconductor channel structure and the third gate structure and at least two additional layers overlying the third gate structure with the single patterning step.

7. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 further comprising:
forming a first source/drain region and a second source/drain region
extending from the semiconductor channel structure on opposite sides
of the semiconductor channel structure orthogonal to sides of the first
gate structure and the second gate structure, wherein forming the first
source/drain region and the second source/drain region further
includes doping the integrated circuit at locations corresponding to the
first source/drain region and the second source/drain region.

8. (Original) The method of claim 7 further comprising forming the first
source/drain region and the second source/drain region by patterning the first gate
structure, the second gate structure and the third gate structure to expose the first
source/drain region and the second source drain region.

9. (Original) The method of claim 7 further comprising forming the first gate
structure and the second gate structure subsequent to forming the first source/drain
region and the second source/drain region by forming a substantially planar layer
overlying the substrate below a height of a top surface of the layer of gate material

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and using the substantially planar layer as a masking layer to form the first gate structure and the second gate structure.

10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 further comprising:
forming a first dielectric layer surrounding the first sidewall and the second sidewall of the semiconductor channel structure and electrically insulating the semiconductor channel structure from the first gate structure and the second gate structure; and
forming a second dielectric layer overlying the top surface of the semiconductor channel structure with a different processing step than used to form the first dielectric layer.

11. (Original) The method of claim 10 further comprising forming the first dielectric layer with a first dielectric material and forming the second dielectric layer with a second dielectric material, the second dielectric material comprising at least one physical property that differs from the first dielectric material.

12. (Original) The method of claim 11 further comprising selecting the at least one physical property from one of dielectric layer thickness, dielectric electrical conductivity or dielectric constant.

13. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising:
forming a charge storage structure, the charge storage structure located between the top surface and the third gate structure.

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14. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the charge storage structure includes nanoclusters.
15. (Original) The method of claim 14 wherein the nanoclusters include at least one of silicon nanocrystals, germanium nanocrystals, silicon-germanium alloy nanocrystals, gold nanocrystals, silver nanocrystals, and platinum nanocrystals.
16. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the charge storage structure includes a charge trapping dielectric.
17. (Original) The method of claim 16 wherein the charge trapping dielectric includes at least one of silicon nitride, hafnium oxide, zirconium oxide, silicon rich oxide, and aluminum oxide.
18. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising:
forming a first charge storage structure located adjacent to the first sidewall,
the first gate structure located adjacent to the first charge storage structure on an opposite side of the first charge storage structure from the first sidewall;
forming a second charge storage structure located adjacent to the second sidewall, the second gate structure located adjacent to the second charge storage structure on an opposite side of the second charge storage structure from the second sidewall.
19. (Original) The method of claim 18 further comprising:
forming a third charge storage structure, the third charge storage structure located between the top surface and the third gate structure.

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20. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising:
forming electrical contacts only to two of the first gate structure, the second gate structure and the third gate structure.
21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising:
forming electrical contact to only one of the first gate structure, the second gate structure or the third gate structure.
22. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising:
doping the third gate structure to have a resultant first conductivity type;
doping the first gate structure and the second gate structure to have a resultant second conductivity type, the first conductivity type being opposite the second conductivity type.
23. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising:
doping each of the first gate structure, the second gate structure and the third gate structure with differing conductivities.
24. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein doping the first gate structure and the second gate structure further comprises angle implanting with different doping conditions.
25. (Previously Presented) A semiconductor device comprising:
a semiconductor structure including a top surface, a first sidewall, and a second sidewall opposing the first sidewall;
a first gate structure located adjacent to the first sidewall;
a second gate structure located adjacent to the second sidewall;

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a third gate structure located over the top surface; and
a first charge storage structure located between the top surface and the
third gate structure;
wherein first gate structure, the second gate structure and the third
gate structures are physically separate from each other.

26. (Original) The semiconductor device of claim 25 further comprising:
a source region and a drain region extending from the semiconductor
structure on opposite sides of the semiconductor structure
orthogonal to sides of the first gate structure and the second
gate structure;
wherein the first gate structure is located adjacent to the first sidewall
at a location of the semiconductor structure between the source
and the drain;
wherein the second gate structure is located adjacent to the second
sidewall at a location of the semiconductor structure between
the source and the drain; and
wherein the third gate structure is located over the top surface
between the source and drain.
27. (Original) The semiconductor device of claim 25 further comprising:
a first dielectric layer surrounding the first sidewall and the second
sidewall of the semiconductor structure and electrically
insulating the semiconductor structure from the first gate
structure and the second gate structure; and

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a second dielectric layer overlying the top surface of the semiconductor structure, the first dielectric layer and the second dielectric layer comprising at least one differing physical property.

28. (Original) The semiconductor device of claim 27 wherein the at least one differing physical property comprising one of dielectric layer thickness, dielectric electrical conductivity or dielectric constant.

Claim 29 (canceled)

30. (Previously Presented) The semiconductor device of claim 25 wherein the first charge storage structure includes nanoclusters, wherein the nanoclusters include at least one of silicon nanocrystals, germanium nanocrystals, silicon-germanium alloy nanocrystals, gold nanocrystals, silver nanocrystals, and platinum nanocrystals.

31. (Previously Presented) The semiconductor device of claim 25 wherein the first charge storage structure comprises a charge trapping dielectric.

32. (Original) The semiconductor device of claim 31 wherein the charge trapping dielectric comprises at least one of silicon nitride, hafnium oxide, zirconium oxide, silicon rich oxide, and aluminum oxide.

33. (Previously Presented) The semiconductor device of claim 25 further comprising:

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a second charge storage structure located adjacent to the first sidewall, the first gate structure located adjacent to the second charge storage structure on an opposite side of the second charge storage structure from the first sidewall; and

a third charge storage structure located adjacent to the second sidewall, the second gate structure located adjacent to the third charge storage structure on an opposite side of the third charge storage structure from the second sidewall.

34. (Previously Presented) The semiconductor device of claim 33 wherein the second charge storage structure and the third charge storage structure include nanoclusters, wherein the nanoclusters comprise at least one of silicon nanocrystals, germanium nanocrystals, silicon-germanium alloy nanocrystals, gold nanocrystals, silver nanocrystals, and platinum nanocrystals.

35. (Previously Presented) The semiconductor device of claim 33 wherein the second charge storage structure and the third charge storage structure include a charge trapping dielectric wherein the charge trapping dielectric comprises at least one of silicon nitride, hafnium oxide, zirconium oxide, silicon rich oxide, and aluminum oxide.

36. (Previously Presented) The semiconductor device of claim 33 wherein the first charge storage structure has at least one differing property from the second charge storage structure and the third charge storage structure.

37. (Original) The semiconductor device of claim 25 wherein:
the third gate structure is doped to have a first conductivity type; and

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the first gate structure and the second gate structure are doped to have a second conductivity type.

38. (Original) The semiconductor device of claim 25 wherein the first gate structure, the second gate structure and the third gate structure have differing conductivities.
39. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein forming the first gate structure and the second gate structure further comprises non-abrasively etching the layer of gate material over the top surface of the semiconductor channel structure.